TAXPAYER INFORMATION

Label: If you have a pre-addressed label (located on the back cover of this booklet) and the name and address information is correct, place it on your Form K-40 in the space provided after you have completed your return.

Name and Address: If you do not have a pre-addressed label, or if the information on the label is incorrect, PRINT or TYPE your name and address in the spaces provided. Be sure to include your apartment or lot number, if applicable, to assure delivery of your refund or correspondence.

School District and County: Residents—Using the list on pages 30 and 31, enter your school district and county abbreviation for where you resided on December 31, 2003. Nonresidents—Leave these boxes blank.

Name or Address Change Box: If your name or address has changed since your last Kansas return was filed, mark an “X” in the box below the name and address area.

Deceased Taxpayer Box: If the taxpayer (or spouse, if filing a joint return), died during 2003, mark an “X” in the appropriate box below the name and address area.

First Four Letters of Last Name: Using ALL CAPITAL letters, enter the first four letters of your last name and that of your spouse in the boxes provided. If your last name has less than four letters, leave the remaining box(es) empty.

Social Security Number: You must enter the Social Security number(s) in the boxes on your return. In order to improve the confidentiality of your tax information, your Social Security numbers are not printed on your label.

Telephone Number: Should a problem arise in processing your return, it is helpful if we have a telephone number where you can be reached during our office hours. It will be kept confidential.

FILING INFORMATION

Filing Status: Your Kansas filing status must be the same as your federal filing status. If your federal filing status is “Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child,” check the “Head of Household” box.

If you and your spouse file a joint Federal return, you must file a joint Kansas return, even if one of you is a nonresident. If you and your spouse file separate Federal Income Tax returns, you must file separate Kansas returns.

Amended Return: If you are filing an amended return for tax year 2003, place an “X” in the AMENDED box and in the appropriate sub-box indicating the reason you are filing an amended return.

If you are filing an amended return, you cannot change the filing status from “joint” to “separate” after the due date has passed for filing a separate return (April 15th for calendar year taxpayers).

Residency Status: Check the appropriate box for your residency status (see the definitions that begin on page 11).

If you and your spouse file a joint Federal Income Tax return and one of you is a nonresident of Kansas, you must file a joint nonresident Kansas return.

Exemptions: Enter the number of exemptions claimed on your federal return. If your filing status is “Head of Household,” you are allowed an additional exemption on your Kansas return; enter a “1” in the box provided. Enter the total number of exemptions in the “Total Kansas exemptions” box. Important—if you are claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer, enter “0” in the “Total Kansas exemptions” box.

FOOD SALES TAX REFUND

To qualify for a refund of sales tax paid on food purchases, you must meet the qualifications for residency, taxpayer status, and qualifying income.

Residency: You must have lived in Kansas for the entire year of 2003. If you resided in Kansas less than 12 months of 2003, you do not qualify for the Food Sales Tax refund, even if your filing status shown on Form K-40 is “Resident.”

Taxpayer Status: If you resided in Kansas all 12 months of 2003, answer these questions:

1) Were you 55 years of age or older during 2003 (born prior to January 1, 1949)? □ Yes □ No
2) Were you totally and permanently disabled or blind during 2003 (regardless of age)? □ Yes □ No
3) Did you have one or more dependent children under the age of 18 who resided in your home during the entire calendar year? □ Yes □ No

If you answered “Yes” to one or more of these questions, you meet the taxpayer status qualification.

Qualifying Income: The income limit for a Food Sales Tax refund is $26,300. If you met the first two qualifications, complete the worksheet on page 21.

If you meet ALL of the qualifications for residency, taxpayer status, and qualifying income, mark the Food Sales Tax Refund box and complete Form K-40, the TeleFile Worksheet, or WebFile, whichever method of filing you prefer.

INCOME

If the amounts on lines 1, 2, or 3 are negative numbers, be sure to shade the minus (−) in the box to the left of the negative number.

LINE 1 — FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME

Enter on line 1 your Federal adjusted gross income as reported on your 2003 Federal Income Tax return.

LINE 2 — MODIFICATIONS TO FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME

Many taxpayers will not have any modifications. If you do not have any modifications, skip line 2 and enter the amount from line 1 on line 3.

However, if you have income that is taxable at the federal level but not taxable to Kansas, or have income that is exempt from federal taxation but taxable to Kansas, you must complete Part A of Schedule S (page 9). Review the instructions on page 22 to determine if you have any modifications to your Federal adjusted gross income.

LINE 3 — KANSAS ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME

If line 2 is a positive amount, add lines 1 and 2 and enter the total on line 3. If line 2 is a negative amount (be sure to shade the
minus (−) in the box to the left of the amount), subtract line 2 from line 1 and enter the result on line 3.

NOTE: If the amount on line 3 is $26,300 or less, you may qualify for the Food Sales Tax refund. Review the qualifications on page 14 and the qualifying income worksheet on page 21.

DEDUCTIONS

LINE 4 — STANDARD OR ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS

If you did not itemize your deductions on your federal return, you must take the standard deduction on your Kansas return. If you itemized your deductions on your federal return, you may either itemize on your Kansas return (by completing Itemized Deduction Worksheets I or II) or take the Kansas standard deduction, whichever is to your advantage.

If you are married and file separate returns, you and your spouse must use the same method of claiming deductions. If one of you itemize your deductions, then the other must also itemize.

KANSAS STANDARD DEDUCTION

Enter your Kansas standard deduction from the applicable chart or worksheet that follows.

If you can be claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer and line 1 of Form K-40 includes income other than earned income, you must use the “Standard Deduction for Dependents” worksheet.

CHART I — Standard Deduction Chart for Most People

Do not use this chart if you are 65 or older or blind, OR if someone can claim you as a dependent.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filing status:</th>
<th>Enter on line 4 of Form K-40:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Married Filing Joint</td>
<td>$6,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Married Filing Separate</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Head of Household</td>
<td>$4,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHART II — Standard Deduction Chart for People 65 or Older and/or Blind

If someone can claim you as a dependent, use the worksheet for dependents in the next column.

Check if: You were 65 or older [ ] Blind [ ]
Your spouse was 65 or older [ ] Blind [ ]

TOTAL Number of boxes checked [ ]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filing status:</th>
<th>Number of boxes checked:</th>
<th>Enter on line 4 of Form K-40:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$3,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$4,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Married Filing Joint</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$6,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$7,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$8,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>$8,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Married Filing Separate</td>
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<td>$3,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$4,400</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>$5,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>$5,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Head of Household</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$5,350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$6,200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

KANSAS ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS

You may itemize your deductions on your Kansas return ONLY if you itemized your deductions on your Federal return. Your Kansas itemized deductions are the same as your Federal itemized deductions EXCEPT Kansas does not allow a deduction for state and local income taxes.

To compute your Kansas itemized deductions, complete the worksheet applicable for your federal adjusted gross income.

ITEMIZED DEDUCTION WORKSHEET I

Federal Adjusted Gross Income of $139,500 or Less
($69,750 or less if married filing separately)

1) Total itemized deductions on line 28* of federal Schedule A. $ [ ]
2) State and local income taxes on line 5* of federal Schedule A. $ [ ]
3) Kansas itemized deductions (subtract line 2 from line 1). Enter this amount on line 4 of Form K-40. $ [ ]

*Federal line number references are subject to change

STANDARD DEDUCTION WORKSHEET FOR DEPENDENTS

Use this worksheet ONLY if someone can claim you as a dependent.

1) Enter the amount of your earned income. 1. [ ]
2) Minimum standard deduction. 2. $500
3) Enter the larger of lines 1 or 2. 3. [ ]
4) Enter the amount for your filing status:
   Single — $3,000
   Married filing joint — $6,000
   Married filing separate — $3,000
   Head of household — $4,500 4. [ ]
5) Enter the lesser of lines 3 or 4. 5. [ ]

STOP HERE if you are under 65 and not blind. Enter this amount on line 4 of Form K-40.
6) a. Check if:
   You were 65 or older [ ] Blind [ ]
   Your spouse was 65 or older [ ] Blind [ ]
   b. TOTAL number of boxes checked [ ]
   c. Multiply 6b by $850 ($700 if married filing joint or separate) 6c. [ ]
7) Add lines 5 and 6c. Enter here and on line 4 of Form K-40. 7. [ ]
ITEMIZED DEDUCTION WORKSHEET II
Federal Adjusted Gross Income Over $139,500
(Over $69,750 if married filing separately)

Refer to your federal itemized deductions worksheet, in your federal
1040 instruction book, not the Federal Schedule A.

1) Divide line 9* of the “Federal Itemized Deductions Worksheet” by line 3* of
that worksheet (cannot exceed 100%). ______ %

2) Enter the amount from line 5 of federal Schedule A (State and local income
taxes paid). ______$

3) Multiply line 1 by line 2. ______$

4) Subtract line 3 from line 2. ______$

5) Enter the amount from line 28* of federal Schedule A. ______$

6) Subtract line 4 from line 5. Enter this amount on line 4 of Form K-40. ______$

*Federal line number references are subject to change

LINE 10 — NONRESIDENT TAX
Multiply line 8 by the percentage on line 9 and enter the result on line 10.

LINE 11 — KANSAS TAX ON LUMP SUM DISTRIBUTIONS
If you received income from a lump sum distribution and there has been a Federal tax imposed on this income in accordance
with federal Internal Revenue Code Section 402(e), then you are subject to Kansas tax on your lump sum distribution.

If you are a resident, enter 13% of the Federal tax on your lump sum distribution (determined on Federal Form 4972) on line 11.

If you are a nonresident, leave line 11 blank.

Note: If you are paying a Federal tax on a lump sum distribution received from the Kansas Public Employees’ Retirement System
(KPERS), prorate the Federal tax. Divide the Kansas taxable portion of the distribution (accumulated interest plus any
contributions made since July 1, 1984, that have not been previously added back on your Kansas income tax returns) by the total portion
of the distribution.

LINE 12 — TOTAL KANSAS TAX
If you are filing this return as a resident, add lines 8 and 11 and enter the result on line 12.

If you are filing this return as a nonresident, enter the amount from line 10 again on line 12.

CREDITS

LINE 13 — CREDIT FOR TAXES PAID TO OTHER STATES
If you paid income tax to another state, you may be eligible for a credit against your Kansas tax liability. If you had income from a
state that has no state income tax, make no entry on line 13 and go to line 14.

To receive this credit, you must enclose a copy of the other state(s) tax return and supporting schedules with
Form K-40. Copies of the other state’s W-2 forms are NOT acceptable. If claiming a foreign tax credit, and you were
required to complete federal Form 1116, enclose a copy with your Kansas return.

Missouri Article X Refunds: If you received a refund from
Missouri as a result of an Article X distribution, and you itemized
your deductions in a prior year, you must reduce the amount
reported on line (1) of either worksheet (current year tax actually
paid) by that portion of the Article X Refund that is derived from
income taxes. This amount is recorded on the Form 1099G you
received from Missouri as the percentage of excess state revenues
derived from Missouri income taxes.

Foreign Tax Credit: As used in this section, “state” means
any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto
Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, and any
foreign country or political subdivision of a foreign country. The
Kansas credit for foreign taxes is first limited to the difference
between the actual tax paid to the foreign country and the
foreign tax credit allowed on your Federal return.

If you claimed the foreign tax paid as an itemized deduction on
your federal return, no credit is allowed in this section.
Foreign Tax Credit Worksheet

A. 2003 tax paid to the foreign country …… $________

B. LESS: Federal foreign tax credit allowed … $________

C. EQUALS: Kansas foreign tax limitation amount. Enter this amount on line 1 of the other state’s tax credit worksheet for your Kansas residency status ……… $________

Taxes Paid to Other States by Kansas Residents: If you are a Kansas resident you may claim this credit if:

- Your total income on line 1 includes income earned in the other state(s); AND
- You were required to pay income tax to the other state(s) on that income.

Important: Your credit is NOT the amount of tax withheld in the other state(s); your credit is determined from the “Worksheet for Residents”, below. You must complete the tax return(s) for the other state(s) before using this worksheet.

If you paid taxes to more than one state, complete a worksheet for each state, combine the results, and enter the total on line 13, Form K-40.

Worksheet for Residents

1) Amount of 2003 tax actually paid to the other state ………………… $________

2) Total Kansas tax (Line 12, Form K-40) ……… $________

3) Other state’s adjusted source income. (In many states the adjusted source income is reported on an income allocation schedule. That schedule will show the adjusted source income amount to enter here) …… $________

4) Kansas adjusted gross income (Line 3, Form K-40) ……… $________

5) Percentage limitation (Divide line 3 by line 4) …………………….. %

6) Maximum credit allowable (Multiply line 2 by line 5) ……… $________

7) Credit for taxes paid to the other state (Enter the lesser of line 1 or line 6; enter also on line 13, Form K-40) ……… $________

Worksheet for Nonresidents

1) Amount of 2003 tax actually paid to the other state ………………… $________

2) Total Kansas tax (line 12, Form K-40) ……… $________

3) Other state’s adjusted source income. (In many states the adjusted source income is reported on an income allocation schedule. That schedule will show the adjusted source income amount to enter here) …… $________

4) Kansas modified source income (Line B21, Part B, Schedule S) ………….. $________

5) Income earned in the other state while a Kansas resident (Amount of the adjusted source income in the other state for which you are taking a tax credit and which is included in your Kansas source income) ………………… $________

6) Percentage limitation (Divide line 5 by line 3) …………………….. %

7) Amount of other state’s tax applicable to income reported to Kansas (Multiply line 1 by line 6) ……… $________

8) Percentage limitation (Divide line 5 by line 4) …………………….. %

9) Maximum credit allowable (Multiply line 2 by line 8) ……… $________

10) Credit for taxes paid to the other state (Enter the lesser of line 7 or line 9; enter also on line 13, Form K-40) ……… $________

LINE 14 — CREDIT FOR CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES

This credit is available to residents only. Nonresidents are not eligible for this credit.

Multiply the amount of credit allowed against your Federal Income Tax liability on your federal return (from Federal Form 2441) by 25%. Enter the result on line 14.

LINE 15 — OTHER CREDITS

Enter on line 15 the total of all other tax credits for which you are eligible. You must complete and enclose with your Form K-40 the appropriate schedule to claim any of the following credits:

Credit Schedule Required
Adoption Credit .................................................. K-47
Agricultural Loan Interest Reduction Credit ................. K-51/K-52
Alternative Fuel Credit ........................................... K-62
Assistive Technology Contribution Credit .................. K-42
Business and Job Development Credit ....................... K-34
Business Machinery and Equipment Credit ................. K-64
Child Day Care Assistance Credit (employers only) ...... K-56
Community Service Contribution Credit .................... K-60
Disabled Access Credit ......................................... K-37
Habitat Management Credit .................................. K-63
High Performance Incentive Program Credit ............... K-59
LINE 16 — TOTAL TAX CREDITS

Add lines 13, 14, and 15 and enter the result on line 16.

LINE 17 — BALANCE

Subtract line 16 from line 12. If the result is zero or a negative amount, enter “0” on line 17.

WITHHOLDING AND PAYMENTS

LINE 18 — KANSAS INCOME TAX WITHHELD

Add the Kansas withholding amounts shown on your W-2 forms (also 1099s and K-19 forms, if applicable). Enter the total on line 18. Starting this year, the department is no longer requiring that copies of the W-2 or 1099 forms be enclosed with a paper Form K-40. However, the department reserves the right to ask for this information at a later date. K-19 forms must still be enclosed with a paper Form K-40.

If you have not received a W-2 form from your employer by January 31, or if the form you received is incorrect or not legible, contact your employer.

LINE 19 — ESTIMATED TAX PAID

Enter the total of your 2003 estimated tax payments plus any 2002 overpayment you had credited forward to 2003.

LINE 20 — AMOUNT PAID WITH KANSAS EXTENSION

Enter the amount paid with your request for an extension of time to file.

LINE 21 — EARNED INCOME CREDIT

This credit is available to residents only. Nonresidents are not eligible for this credit.

Multiply the amount of credit allowed on your Federal return by 15%. You may choose to have the IRS compute your federal earned income credit. If you do not receive the information from the IRS before the deadline for filing your Kansas return you should complete Form K-40 without the credit, and be sure to pay any amount you owe. Once the IRS sends you the completed earned income credit figures, you may then file an amended Kansas return to claim the credit. See Amending Your Return on page 12 of this booklet.

LINE 22 — REFUNDABLE PORTION OF TAX CREDITS

Enter the total refundable portion of these credits:

Business Machinery and Equipment ........................................... K-64
Child Day Care Assistance Credit (employers only) ......... K-56
Community Service Contribution Credit ......................... K-60
Disabled Access Credit .................................................... K-37
Habitat Management Credit ............................................. K-63
Single City Port Authority .................................................. K-76
Small Employer Health Insurance Contribution Credit ...... K-57
Telecommunications Property/Income Credit .................... K-36

LINE 23 — FOOD SALES TAX REFUND

Refer to the qualifications for this credit on page 14. If you meet all the qualifications, you must mark an “X” in the “Food Sales Tax Refund” box on the front of Form K-40.

To compute your Food Sales Tax refund, you will need the number of exemptions in the “Total Exemptions” box on the front of Form K-40, and your Qualifying Income amount from line 27 of the Qualifying Income Worksheet on page 21.

If your qualifying income on line 27 of the Worksheet is:

$0 to $13,150 — multiply the number of exemptions by $72. Enter the refund amount on line 23.

$13,150 to $26,300 — multiply the number of exemptions by $36. Enter the refund amount on line 23.

$26,301 or greater — you are not eligible for the refund.

LINE 24 — CASH REMITTED ON ORIGINAL RETURN

Use this line ONLY if you are filing an amended Income Tax return for the 2003 tax year. Enter the amount of money you remitted to the Department of Revenue with your original 2003 return.

LINE 25 — OVERPAYMENT FROM ORIGINAL RETURN

Use this line ONLY if you are filing an amended Income Tax return for the 2003 tax year. Enter the amount of overpayment shown on your original return. Since you were refunded this amount or it was credited forward, this amount is a subtraction entry.

LINE 26 — TOTAL REFUNDABLE CREDITS

Add lines 18 through 24 and subtract line 25; enter the result on line 26.

BALANCE DUE

LINE 27 — UNDERPAYMENT

If your tax balance on line 17 is greater than your total credits on line 26, enter the difference on line 27.

LATE CHARGES

If the amount on line 27 is not paid by the due date, penalty and interest are added according to the rules outlined in lines 28 and 29.

Extension of Time to File Your Return: Interest is due on any delinquent tax balance, even if you have been granted an extension of time to file the return. If 90% of your tax liability is paid on or before the original due date of your return, an automatic extension is applied and no penalty is assessed.

LINE 28 — INTEREST

Compute interest at 0.5% for each month (or portion thereof) from the due date of the return on the amount on line 27.

LINE 29 — PENALTY

Compute penalty at 1% per month (or portion thereof) from the due date of the return on the amount on line 27. The maximum penalty is 24%. For example, if you paid tax of $150 on May 20, 2004, (due date of April 15, 2004) multiply line 27 ($150) by 2% and enter the result ($3.00) on line 29.

LINE 30 — ESTIMATED TAX PENALTY

If the amount on line 27 is $200 or more, you may be subject to
an estimated tax penalty. To determine if you have a penalty, complete Schedule K-210, found in the back of this booklet. If you have a penalty on Schedule K-210, enter the amount on line 30. If the amount on line 27 is $200 or more, you may not be subject to an estimated tax penalty if you meet one of the two exceptions: 1) if your withholdings and/or estimated payments (lines 18 & 19) equal or exceed 100% of the prior year’s tax liability (line 17 from last year’s return) or, 2) if your withholdings and/or estimated payments (lines 18 & 19) equal or exceed 90% of this year’s tax liability (line 17).

If at least two-thirds of your income is from farming or fishing, mark an ‘X’ in the box on line 30.

**LINE 31 — AMOUNT YOU OWE**

Add lines 27 through 30 and enter the total on line 31. This amount should be paid in full with the return. A balance due less than $5 does not need to be paid. You may make a contribution to the Nongame Wildlife Improvement Program or to the Senior Citizens Meals on Wheels Contribution Program even if you have a balance due return. Just add these amounts to your total and write one check for total of the tax due and your contribution(s).

The Department of Revenue offers three different options to pay your Kansas tax:

- **Credit Card.** To pay by Credit Card, you must visit the service provider’s Internet web site listed below. A convenience fee will be charged by the service provider based on the amount of tax you are paying. You can find out what the fee is by visiting the provider’s web site:

  Official Payments Corporation  
  www.officialpayments.com

- **Direct Payment.** This payment option is available if you have a file containing Kansas tax information, but it is NOT available if you file a paper Form K-40 return. When you select Direct Payment, and provide your bank routing number and bank account number, you are authorizing the department to initiate an electronic payment from your account for payment of your balance due. Direct Payment allows you to “file now, pay later.” For example, if you file your return on February 20 and elect Direct Payment, our automated debit request will not occur until the April 15th due date.

  With Direct Payment, you are also assured that your payment is made on time. Direct payment authorizations on returns filed by midnight of April 15th are considered to be timely paid.

  Direct Payment saves time – no check to write and no K-40V voucher to complete and mail. If you need to revoke your election of this payment authorization, you must notify the department at 1-800-525-3901 by 4:00 PM; two business days before the scheduled payment date.

  You should check with your financial institution to be sure they allow an electronic debit (withdrawal) from your account.

- **Check or Money Order.** If you choose this payment option, you must complete and submit Form K-40V with your payment. Write your Social Security number on your check or money order and make it payable to “Kansas Income Tax.” If you are making a payment for someone else (i.e., son, daughter, parent), write that person’s name and Social Security number on the check. DO NOT send cash. DO NOT staple or tape your payment to the Form K-40V or Form K-40. Instead, enclose it loosely with your return.

  Returned check charge: A fee of $30.00, plus costs for a registered letter (currently $7.92), is charged on all returned checks.

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**REFUND**

**LINE 32 — OVERPAYMENT**

If your tax balance on line 17 is less than your total credits on line 26, enter the difference on line 32.

**NOTE:** An overpayment of less than $5 will not be refunded, but may be carried forward as a credit to next year’s return (line 33), or contributed to the Chickadee Checkoff (line 34) or the Senior Citizens Meals on Wheels Contribution Program (line 35).

**LINE 33 — CREDIT FORWARD**

Enter the portion of line 32 you wish to have applied to your 2004 Kansas estimated income tax (must be $1 or more). If the amount on line 32 is less than $5, you may carry it forward to 2004 as an additional credit even if you do not make estimated tax payments.

**LINE 34 — CHICKADEE CHECKOFF**

You may contribute to the Kansas Nongame Wildlife Improvement program to help improve the quality of wildlife in Kansas. Your donation is tax deductible. In 2003, contributions were used to:

- Continue the Kansas amphibian monitoring program.
- Support the Kansas Nature-based Tourism Alliance and Natural Kansas web site.
- Monitor bald eagle populations and nesting success.
- Develop recovery plans for state endangered species.
- Continue research on declining populations of freshwater clams in southeast Kansas.
- Sponsor the Kansas winter birdbfeeder survey.
- Coordinate the Kansas Bluebird Program.
- Help support the (OWLS) Outdoor Wildlife Learning Sites for schools.

Enter on line 34 the amount you wish to contribute to this program. Amounts less than $1 cannot be credited to the program.

**LINE 35 — SENIOR CITIZENS MEALS ON WHEELS CONTRIBUTION PROGRAM**

All contributions are used solely for the purpose of providing funds for the Senior Citizens Meals On Wheels Contribution Program. The meals are prepared by a dietary staff and are delivered by volunteers. The underlying objective of the program is to prevent deterioration of the elderly and handicapped individuals in the community, thus making it possible for them to live independently in their homes for as long as possible. The friendly visit with the volunteers is socially helpful and the daily visit is important in case of an emergency situation.

Enter on line 35 the amount you wish to contribute to this program. Amounts less than $1 cannot be credited to the program.

**Examination Adjustment:** If your overpayment is decreased due to an adjustment to your return, your Nongame Wildlife contribution and/or your Senior Citizens Meals on Wheels contribution is prorated to reflect your share.
contribution will be reduced by that amount. If your overpayment is increased, your Nongame Wildlife and/or your Senior Citizens Meals on Wheels contribution amount will remain the same.

LINE 36 — REFUND

Add lines 33, 34 and 35 and subtract from line 32. This is your refund. If line 36 is less than $5, it will not be refunded. If line 36 is less than $5 you have an option to carry it forward to be applied to your 2004 Kansas income tax liability (enter the amount on line 33). If you do carry it forward, please remember to claim it on line 19 of the 2004 return. You also have an option to donate it to the Chickadee Checkoff or the Senior Citizens Meals On Wheels Contribution Program or both.

Please allow 4 to 8 weeks from the date you mail your return to receive your refund. Errors, improperly completed forms, photocopied forms or incomplete information will delay the processing of your return. For a faster refund (7 days or less), consider filing your return electronically. See page 3 for details.

Refund Set-off Program: Kansas law provides that if you owe any delinquent debt (Kansas tax, child support, student loans, etc.) to a Kansas state agency, municipality, municipal court or district court, your income tax refund will be applied (set-off) to that delinquent debt. The set-off process will cause a 10 to 12 week delay to any remaining refund.

SIGNATURE

Your Income Tax return must be signed. Both taxpayers must sign a joint return even if only one had income. If the return is prepared by someone other than you, the preparer should also sign in the space provided.

If you are filing a return on behalf of a decedent, the return should be signed by the executor/executrix. If it is a joint return filed by the surviving spouse, indicate on the spouse’s signature line “Deceased” and the date of death. If a refund is due, enclose the required documents (see instructions for Deceased Taxpayers on page 13).

PREPARER AUTHORIZATION BOX

In some cases it may be necessary for the Department of Revenue to contact you about your tax return. By marking the box above the signature line, you are authorizing the director or director’s designee to discuss your tax return and any enclosures with your tax preparer.

MAILING YOUR RETURN

Before mailing your return, please be sure:

✓ you have completed all required information on the return.
✓ your numbers are legible in each box.
✓ you have enclosed, but not attached all K-19 forms and applicable schedules.
✓ you have completed and enclosed Form K-40V if you are making a tax payment.

If you file Form K-40 using a Kansas address, do not include a copy of your Federal return. However, keep a copy as it may be requested by the department at a later date. If your Form K-40 shows an address other than Kansas, you must enclose a copy of your Federal return (1040EZ, 1040A or 1040 and applicable Schedules A-F) with your Kansas return.